

ANNUAL REPORT, 2014-15



AVISHKAR

#:11, Sapthagirinilaya
Near TUDA office,
Adarshanagar,
Tumkur-572103

Phone: 08162256730

Email:avishkar2004@g
mail.com

CONTENT

Sl No.	Particulars	Page No
	Foreword	
1.	Introduction to programmes	1
2	Women development	2
3	Farmers club	2-5
4	FTTF project	6-9
5	Formation and strengthening of JLG	9-10
6	Jandhan survey	11
7	Swahh Bharat Abhiyan	11
8	Tree based farming development programme	11-12
9	Climate change workshop	12-13
10	Training and capacity building	14
11	Networking and partnership	15
12	Consultancy services	15
13	Details of ongoing projects	15

FOREWORD

It gives us pleasure to present the Annual Report of AVISHKAR for the year 2014-15. The organization was able to achieve the stated objectives through the implementation of various development projects during the current year.

The NABARD supported JLGs, SHGs and Farmers Club projects are continuing with encouraging results and community participation. Womens, small and marginal farmers, vulnerable sections community in Koratagere and Tumkur talukas have got the benefits of these projects. Similarly, the FTTF project sponsored by NABARD during 2014-15, gave us an opportunity to gain experience in the cultivation of vegetables through organic farming methods. About 30 master farmers from Tumkur taluka have got the benefits of this project. We express our whole hearted gratitude to NABARD for supporting the organizational efforts for sustainable rural development.

The convergence activities through Krishi Vignan Kendra, Hirehalli, government departments like department of agriculture, horticulture etc have helped to integrating different activities for achieving good results and fulfilling the expectations from the farming communities. Scientists from KVK have participated in the trainings and workshops organized by the NGO. We are very thankful to the scientists of KVK and officials of government departments for their cooperation.

The two days state level workshop on climate change supported by Pipal Tree, Bangalore, has helped the organization in understanding the climate change aspects and strengthening our net work base. We take this opportunity to sincerely thank Pipal Tree and look forward for similar support in the future.

In order to strengthen the dry land agriculture, AVISHKAR has initiated steps to promote and popularize the tree based farming system in the operational areas through convergence and individual support and wishes to continue this in large scale in the coming years.

We are grateful to all the community based organizations and participants of the projects and employees for their support and cooperation in the successful implementation of the projects.

It is our duty to acknowledge the valuable support and guidance extended by all the well wishers of the organization for the successful completion of another fruitful year.

A. Anandkumar

Secretary

1. INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMES

1.1. NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT:

FTTF project: NABARD supported farmer technology transfer fund project is under implementation in Kadaranahalli, Janupanahalli and Hosapalya villages of Tumkur taluk, Tumkur district.

Climate change: Tree based farming development programme has been initiated in D.Nagenahalli village of Koratagere taluka.

1.2. WOMEN DEVELOPMENT:

Self help groups: 240 SHGs were formed and organized different training and capacity buildings.

Formation and strengthening of JLG: About 70 JLGs were formed and functioning well in Koratagere and Tumkur talukas

1.3. AGRICULTURE DEVELOPMENT:

Farmers clubs: The activities of the farmers clubs are being implemented in Tumkur and Koratagere talukas of Tumkur district since 2013. NABARD has sponsored the project.

1.4. TRAINING, AWARENESS AND CAPACITY BUILDING

Swahh Bharat Abhiyan was organized in Kadaranahalli village in collaboration with local institutions

Climate change workshop: A two days state level workshop on climate change was organized in Tumkur. Representatives from NGOs, environmentalists, free lance writers, editors from noted news papers etc have participated in the programme.

Environment awareness: environment awareness programmes were organized in Hiredoddawadi, Janapanahalli and Chikkagundagallu villages.

1.5. Other programmes

Jandhan survey: The NGO has conducted this survey in Tumkur taluka for 3000 households in 35 villages in Tumkur taluka.

Networking and partnership

Consultancy services for monitoring and Evaluation

2. WOMEN DEVELOPMENT: The organization has promoted 240 SHGs in all project villages. Capacity building of SHGs was facilitated by project staff regularly. During the current year, focus was given on capacity building of SHGs mainly on SHG concept, book-keeping, and income generation activities trainings

The organization has conducted twelve training programmes to SHG members on SHG concepts in different villages. The project staffs have motivated the group members to audit the books maintained by the SHGs by project staff regularly. The organization has trained group representatives to conduct weekly meetings and encourages them to make regular savings with all the members. Internal lending was started in all the groups, rate of interest and schedule of repayment was decided by SHGs on their



own. All the groups were performing well. Twelve SHGs were linked to Banks, majority of SHG members have started income generation activities like sheep rearing, cattle rearing, hotel business, vegetable vending, flower business, petty shops. The organization also conducted awareness programmes for women on social issues like early child marriage, water and sanitation issues, kitchen garden domestic violence, alcoholism and girls' child school drop outs etc.

3. FARMERS CLUB PROGRAMME (FCP): The farmer club activities are being implemented in Tumkur and Koratagere talukas of Tumkur district. The project is sponsored by NABARD during 2013. So far, ten farmers clubs were formed and strengthened. The following objectives of the project are,

- Development through credit
- Motivating farmers to adopt scientific methods for agriculture
- Skill enhancement of farmers through awareness and capacity building

During the current year, the NGO has facilitated the farmers clubs to avail various services and benefits from the line departments, KVKs etc

- Facilitated agriculture department for conducting Jaikisan survey programme in Kadaranahalli, janupanahalli and Alumardapaya villages. About 1250 households were covered for the survey

- Mobilized coconut rejuvenation project with the support of Horticulture department. 30 farmers from Kadaranahalli, Janupanahalli and Hosapalya have got financial support for making trenches around the coconut plants and for soil and water conservation activities in the selected coconut orchards
- Three youths from Kadaranahalli village were identified and sent to dairy development training programme organized by Rudseti training institute, Arasinakunte, Nelamangala
- BRG-4 varieties of red gram seeds were distributed to 24 small and marginal farmers in Kadaranahalli village for sowing during the monsoon season. Farmers have experienced good yield and now the demand for the seeds has increased.
- Fifteen farmers were adopting seed treatment in Red gram crop with bio fertilizer Rhizobium.
- 25 farmers applied trichoderma viride in mixing with Farm yard manure before sowing the different crops
- 22 farmers were used new Ragi variety ML365 this is resulted very good crop yield in Ragi crop.
- Under Buchethana programme 48 farmers were applied Micro nutrients such as Borax, zinc sulphate, Zypsum in their crops. The impact of this the Ragi yield improved is during the year.
- Two farmers were adopting organic farming practices in their lands



3.1. NABARD-CAT (CAPACITY BUILDING FOR ADOPTION OF TECHNOLOGY): The AVISHKAR NGO Tumkur has organized the exposure visit programme under NABARD- FTTF- CAT programme. The exposure visit was organized for farmer club members from Kadaranahalli, Hiredoddawadi, Jakkenahalli and D.Nagenahalli villages of Tumkur and Koratagere talukas of Tumkur District.

The exposure visit was conducted with the assistance of NABARD, Bangalore. This exposure visit was organized from 02.06.2014 to 4.06.2014. Totally 21 participants from the four farmer clubs have participated in the exposure visit. The programme is aimed to promote integrated farming systems, and innovative technologies



for increased agriculture productivity for farmer club members.

Objectives of the exposure visit:

- ☞ To expose the farmers on different cropping methods mainly on dry land farming/ tree based farming systems and integrating farming systems.
- ☞ To provide an opportunity to interact with progressive farmers and learn their experience for adoption in their lands.
- ☞ To enable the farmer club members to understand the various aspects of tree based forming, soil and water conservation, sustainable agriculture and organic farming practices.

Impacts of exposure visit:

- Two farmers from Hiredoddawadi village have planted mango and Sapota on their own. They have planted 60 fruit plants and 200 forestry seedlings
- One farmer from Durga Raita Koota started vermicomposting with the support from dept of agriculture
- Four farmers have sown seeds of glyricidia for live hedge fencing in their land
- Five farmers have started practicing organic farming methods like jeevamrutha preparation, bio fertilizers, increased application of farm yard manure etc

CASE STUDY: TOWARDS ORGANIC AGRICULTURE....

Shri Gangaramaiah of Kadaranahalli village, Aregujjanahalli grama panchayath, Tumkur taluka of Tumkur district is a small farmer having four acres of land. In 2013 he got trained in vermicomposting under AVISHKAR – NABARD – farmer club programme. He has also participated in exposure visit to progressive farmer's plots in Chitradurga and Dharwad districts under NABARD-CAT programme. After the completion of exposure visit programme, AVISHKAR has facilitated to the construction of vermicomposting pit through convergence of Agriculture department

Before the exposure visit, he was applying large quantities of chemical fertilizer continuously to crops such as finger millet, coconut, areca nut and vegetable. Every year he used to apply 15-20 bags of chemical fertilizers. Soon he started vermicomposting, manure production and he applied the same to crops such as finger millet, beans and tomato. This has helped Gangaramaiah to reduce the purchase of chemical fertilizers. This year he has purchased only eight bags of chemical fertilizers. According to him, keeping quality of grains and vegetables has improved and there is less disease and pest attack.



CASE STUDY: DRYLAND TURNED IN TO PRODUCTIVE ORCHARD.

Promotion of agri –horticulture in dry land is a boon to small farmers. Combination of food crops with horticulture and forest saplings can fulfill the various needs of a family. The tree based farming can ensure availability of fodder, biomass fuel and timber, in addition to that horticulture plants helps to get minimum income from fruits even in off seasons and drought like situations.

In 2007, Mr.N.M.Mahesh, an innovative farmer from D.Nagenahalli village, Koratagere taluka of Tumkur district. He has two acres of dry land and is growing finger millet and jowar crops during rainy season, once the crop



was harvested the land remained vacant for six to eight months. He has participated in the AVISHKAR – NABARD- farmer club training on dry land horticulture organized by AVISHKAR NGO in D.Nagenahalli village. He has shown very much interest in growing of horticulture plants in his land. He asked the support of AVISHKAR to provide horticulture plants.

AVISHKAR has facilitated him to get 170 emblica (Indian gooseberry) horticulture saplings and 80 forestry saplings under SUJALA watershed project. He has planted all these plants as per the project guidelines. During June-2006 emblica plants were planted with the guidance of AVISHKAR organization. He has completed all the aftercare activities such as mulching, watering and basin preparation as suggested by the NGO. Watered them regularly during summer season. All the emblica plants have grown healthy and started yielding. He is taking care of plants through timely application pesticides for pests and diseases with the guidance of horticulture department. Presently Mahesh is getting 1.20 lakhs per from the sale of fruits. He also got training on value addition of emblica and making powder, candy, amla juice and pickles. He says “I am grateful to SUJALA project and AVISHKAR NGO for implementing this project in my land and for their valuable support and guidance”

MEET WITH EXPERT PROGRAMME: Meet with expert programme for the year was organized in all the villages where farmers clubs are functioning. Before inviting the expert for the programme, suggestions from the farmers club members were noted through discussions and formal meetings. During such meetings topics to be discussed during expert meet programme were finalized. Accordingly, expert meets were organized on the issues like dairy development

and fodder development, organic farming topics etc. The farmers and other villagers of club villages, volunteers, bank managers, and agriculture department staff members have participated in this programme. Totally 196 farmers have



participated in the expert meet events.

DETAIL OF EXPERT MEET PROGRAMME IS PRESENTED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

Sl.No	Name of the farmer club	Village	Date of Programme	No of members participated
1.	Sri Anjaneya Raitha Koota	Kadaranahalli	06.09.2014	25
2.	Vinayaka Raitha Koota	Hiredoddawadi	07.09.2014	23
3.	Durga Raitha Koota	D.Nagenahalli	08.09.2014	19
4.	Lakshmidevi Raitha Koota	Lakkenahalli	15.09.2014	22
5.	Thopina Ranganathaswamy Raitha Koota	Sopanaahalli	16.09.2014	20
6.	Lakhmi Narasimhaswamy Raitha Koota	Bidarakatte	18.09.2014	22
7.	Negilayayogi Raitha Koota	C.Gundugallu	20.09.2014	20
8.	Amrutha sneha raitha koota	Amruthagiri	26.09.2014	26
9.	Mutharaya raitha koota	Jakkenahalli	28.09.2014	19
	Total			196

4. NABARD- FARMERTECHNOLOGY TRANFER FUND PROJECT:

This project for improving livelihoods of farmers through organic vegetables cultivation through vegetable growers association (VGA) of sustainable production of organic vegetables and sustainable farming technologies is under implementation in Kadaranahalli, Janapanahalli and Hosapalya villages of Tumkur taluk, Tumkur district. NABARD, Bangalore, has funded this project under farmer technology transfer fund (FTTF) component.

This innovative project was sanctioned in the month of June-2014. During the year main focus was given for community mobilization activities, collecting the base line data, attending village meetings, orientation about organic vegetable cultivation, formation of vegetable growers associations and demonstration of organic vegetable cultivation practices.

Objectives:

- ❖ Formation of 'Vegetable Grower's Associations' (VGA's) at village level and their capacity building.
- ❖ To create awareness and adopt innovative technologies of eco-friendly practices for organic vegetables production at community level.
- ❖ To enhance vegetable production and improve productivity of land through promotion of eco-friendly agricultural practices.
- ❖ To reduce cost of production and dependency on external inputs for production of vegetables.
- ❖ To establish linkages of buyers, bankers, technical institutions with the growers of vegetables.



Project profile:

Sl.No.	Description	Details
1	Title of the project	FTTF- Sustainable Production of Organic Vegetable Growers Association
2	Project commencement	August 2014
3	Villages covered	03
4	Families covered	300 families
5	Sponsored by	NABARD, Bangalore
6	Taluk & district	Tumkuru

Project activities:

- ✓ Create awareness on the vegetable organic cultivation practices
- ✓ Formation and strengthening of organic vegetable growers association
- ✓ Training and capacity building for farmers and master farmers

- ✓ Demonstration of organic vegetable cultivation practices
- ✓ Demonstration of different composting methods and seed treatment
- ✓ Documentation and dissemination of learnings

Progress as on 31.03.2015

- A total of 60 vegetable growing master farmers were selected from the three villages and organized different organic vegetable cultivation training programmes for them
- Vegetable growers associations were formed in two villages, namely, Kadaranahalli and Janupanahalli. All the members of the VGA were trained on the technical issues related to organic vegetable cultivation methods
- Regular monthly meetings of VGA were conducted to build their capacities on organic farming technologies.
- Necessary inputs for the organic cultivation like bio-fertilizers, neem cake, earthworms, neem and pongamia soap, neem oil and seeds provided to the 30 vegetable growers Exposure visits were arranged for the master farmers to organic farms and progressive farmer's fields.
- Supported for the marketing of organically grown vegetables



Progress as on 31.03.2015:

Sl.No	Activities	Units	Progress as on 31.3.2015
1	Villages covered	Numbers	03

2	Farmers supported	Numbers	30
3	Village meetings	Numbers	03
4	Baseline data	Farmers	60
5	Training on organic vegetable cultivation	Numbers	02
6	Formation of vegetable growers association	Numbers	02
7	Training on soil testing	Numbers	01
8	Training on FFS-potato	Numbers	01
9	Drums for jeevamrutha preparation	Farmers	06
10	Earthworms for Vermicomposting	Farmers	03
11	Construction of vermicomposting structure	Farmers	01
12	Japan model composting	Farmers	01

Case study

Mr. K.H.Manjanna a small farmer from Kadaranahalli village has tried to grow potato through organic methods. He has grown potato in three gunta land along with potato cultivation in large area through modern methods. The inputs like neem cake, organic manures, trichoderma, seed treatment with arka microbial consortium (AMC) produced by KVK, Hirehalli etc. Neem and pongamea soapw were provided for the control of pests and diseases. Jeevamrutha was applied twice during the cropping period. Manjanna has got the same yield as that of modern agriculture methods. The yield from three guntas is your quintals. However, the size of the potato where jeevamrutha was applied twice was bigger compared to potatoes grown in modern methods. The potatoes were sold in Tumkur city through personal contacts, banks and organic vegetable out lets and KVK, Hirehalli. This has helped in enhancing confidence that

farmers can grow potato through organic methods and get same yield as that of inorganic methods. Similarly, Kalaboraiah has grown potato in two guntas and got three quintal yield.

5. FORMATION AND STRENGTHENING OF JLGs: JLG model had been formulated as a pilot scheme by NABARD. In 2004-2005, JLG is an informal group comprising preferably four to ten individuals coming together for the purpose of availing bank loan either singly or through the group mechanism against a mutual guarantee. It is a primarily intended to be a credit group but savings can be an optional activity. JLGs take care the needs of mid segment cliental like small farmers, marginal farmers and micro enterprenuers etc. The JLG has proved to be the best medium for financing landless farmers, tenant farmers, share croppers and oral lessees

AVISHKAR is implementing JLG project in 36 villages of Koratagere and Tumkur talukas of Tumkur district since 2013. So far, 70 JLGs have been promoted and 48 JLGs have been bank linked to avail loans for starting livelihood activities such as dairy, agriculture, petty business, tailoring, sheep and goat rearing etc.



Progress as on 31.03.2015

Sl.No	Activities	Units	Achievement as on 31.3.2015
1	Talukas covered	Numbers	02
2	Villages covered	Numbers	36
3	JLGs formed	Numbers	70
4	Number of JLGs bank linked	Numbers	48
5	Total amount of loan availed	Rs	56 lakhs
6	Repayment	%	98
7	Number of JLGs bank linked- II linkage	Numbers	12

8	Training on IGA activities	Numbers	03
9	Training on book keeping	Numbers	02

Case study: Maruthi JLG, Hiredoddawadi

Maruthi JLG was formed during 2013 with five members, all the five members are small farmers. The group is functioning well with regular meetings, savings, participating in all the trainings organized by the NGO. The JLG has got bank linkages at Kavery Grammena Bank, Oordigere and availed Rs, 1.20 lakhs. Three farmers have used this amount for dairy activity while two have used for agriculture activities. The JLG has repaid the loan as per the repayment schedule and got second linkage for Rs, 2.00 lakhs.

Now, the bank manager is quoting Maruthi JLG as model to other JLGs who visit the bank for linkages. Motivated by the success of Maruthi JLG, other reluctant small and marginal farmers come forward to form JLGs on their own. The JLG members have expressed happiness over the facilitation provided by AVISHKAR NGO.

6. JAN DHAN SURVEY: The organization has conducted household survey under Comprehensive Financial Inclusion (CFI) of Kaveri Grammena Bank, Beladhra. The survey programme was conducted for 3000 households in 30 villages of Beladhara cluster, Tumkur taluka. The following activities were carried out during the survey.



- Collection of house hold data from Grama panchayats
- Organized village meetings
- Oriented about Jandhan project, its aims and objectives
- Facilitation for opening of bank accounts.
- Analysis of data and report submission.

7. SWACHH BHARAT ABHIYAN: Swachh bharat abhiyan was launched by hon'ble prime Minister of India on 2nd October ,2015, which caught attention of everybody of India, the objective of this programme to create awareness among the masses for keeping the area surrounding them neat and clean. To create awareness about the importance of cleanliness in our surroundings and to encourage community to actively do something about it. The NGO has organized two shramdhan programmes in Kadaranahalli village- shramadan, awareness on personal hygiene and sanitation, importance of individual toilets.

8. TREE BASED FARMING SYSTEM:

The rain fed agriculture plays a crucial role in India, covering 68 per cent of the total net sown area in 177 districts. Uncertainty in production due to fluctuations in rainfall and its distribution, decrease in relative productivity in rain fed lands affect the livelihoods of the poor and marginalized farmers. AVISHKAR has initiated 'Tree Based Farming System (TBFS)' to make the rain fed farming viable by improving the productivity through location specific interventions. The programme has the following approaches:

- Organizing farmers into farmers groups and training and capacity building on tree based farming systems
- Building on the local best practices of



farmers in rainfed farming, both indigenous and exogenous, by documenting, standardizing and disseminating the information.

- Creating access to savings and credit services for farmers for adopting TBFS
- Build the capacity of farmers in the areas of proven rainfed farming technologies, leadership development, and change in attitude of farmers towards rainfed farming that can lead to significant changes.
- Convergence with the schemes like MGNREGA, dept of horticulture, forest dept for adopting TBFS

In this regard the NGO has organized a one day field day cum workshop on tree based farming system and value addition of Indian Gooseberry at D.Nagenahalli village, Koratagere taluka, Tumkur district on 22.09.2014. The event was organized in collaboration with KVK, Hirehalli. Scientists from KVK, Hirehalli and IIHR, Hesaraghatta have participated as resource persons and imparted training on TBF and value addition for Indian Gooseberry. About 120 farmers have participated in the programme. The DDM, NABARD, Tumkur, Sri. Sadashivaiah, IFS, dept of forestry, Bangalore, Nagaraju, Coordinator, JFM programme, dept of forest, Bangalore etc have facilitated the discussions.

9. WORKSHOP ON CLIMATE CHANGE:

The human role in climate change is indisputable as people down the ages have depleted natural resources and contributed to degradation of natural environments by cutting trees, polluting water bodies ,and upsetting the balance that exists because of the interdependency between the various natural resources. These activities have perturbed the climate system and in the coming years several regions of the world are expected to feel the impact of climate change very severely. Hence, creating awareness among the concerned regarding mitigation and adaptations is the need of the hour



In this regard a two days consultative workshop was organized from 28.03.2015 to 29.03 2015 at Prithvi Osho Meditation Centre, Tumkur. The programme was jointly organized by Pipal Tree, a Bangalore based NGO and AVISHKAR, NGO, Tumkur. The workshop was organized as part of the project called- Media campaign against climate justice implemented by the Papal tree. Noted environmentalists, scientist from Krishi Vignyan Kendra, media persons, freelance writers who have participated in the media campaign project and local NGOs and NGOs from different parts of Karnataka have actively participated in the workshop.

Following were the topics of the workshop

Climate change, past, present and future.
 Climate change-Present challenges with respect to agriculture, water and livelihoods
 Historical review of climate change in relation to Karnataka
 Presentation of NICRA project, D.Nagenahalli.
 Experience sharing development of common land and restoration of water bodies as mitigation towards Climate Change.
 Experience sharing: NICRA project implemented by KVK, Hirehalli as mitigation towards Climate Change.

10. TRAINING AND CAPACITY BUILDING: Training and capacity building of the communities plays a key role in the successful execution of the development projects. AVISHKAR has organized the following training programmes during the current year. Totally farmers have participated in the trainings

Sl.No	Topic/Subject	No. Of trainings conducted	No of participants
1	Training on Dry land horticulture and Tree based farming systems	06	112
2	Training on Different composting.	02	60
3	Training on Soil and water conservation techniques.	03	84
4.	Training on integrated farming systems (IFS)	04	85
5.	SHG book-keeping	02	48
6.	Leadership training	02	32
7.	Organic farming	03	76
8.	Training on Livestock development	02	52

11. DETAILS OF COMMUNITY BASED ORGANIZATIONS PROMOTED:

Sl.No.	Type of the CBO promoted	Achievement as on 31.03.2015
1	Vegetable growers association	03
2.	Joint liability groups (JLG)	70
3.	Women SHGs	240
4.	Farmer clubs	10
5	Youth groups	05
	Total	328

Impacts:

- Increased awareness on the sustainable management of natural resources
- Awareness on in situ production of manures for organic farming
- Increased role of CBOs in village development activities- shramadan plantation, sanitation etc
- Regular functioning of SHGs, JLGs and Farmer clubs

12. PARTNERSHIP AND NETWORKING WITH DIFFERENT AGENCIES: The NGO has participated and facilitated in the various programmes organized by local NGOs, research organizations and government departments

- Participated in the 5th Scientific Advisory committee meeting on 30.09.2014 held at Krishi Vignana Kendra (KVK) Hirehalli, Tumkur district.
- Participated in the steering committee meeting held at Krishi Vignana Kendra, (KVK) Hirehalli, on 31.10.2014.
- EDP awareness programme conducted in Siddalingaianapalya and Hiredoddwadi villages with the collaboration with RUDSETI, Nelamangala on 17.01.2015

13. CONSULTANCY SERVICES: The NGO is providing consultancy and training services to the local NGOs, interested farmers and government departments. Following activities were carried out during the current year

- The organization has facilitated for Preparation of MGNREGA action plan through Intensive Participatory Planning Exercise (IPPE) in Channarayapatna and Arasikere talukas of Hassan district from 13.10.2014 to 16.10.2014
- Provided training and consultancy services to dept of agriculture, watershed development dept, local NGOs, Krishi Vigyan Kendras (KVK) etc.

14. DETAIL OF ONGOING PROJECTS

SL.NO.	PROJECT NAME	FUNDED BY	PROJECT LOCATION	VILLAGES COVERED	FAMILIES COVERED
1.	Farmer technology transfer fund (FTTF Project)	NADARD, Bangalore	Tumkur taluka, Tumkur district	03	300
2.	Farmer club activities	NADARD, Bangalore	Koratagere, Tumkur talukas, Tumkur district.	10	800
3.	Formation & strengthening of Joint liability groups	NADARD, Bangalore	Koratagere, Tumkur talukas, Tumkur district.	32	600
4.	Climate change workshop	Pipil tree , Bangalore	Tumkur	-	-
5.	Agro-forestry project	Forest department	Tumkur taluka	12	200
6.	Consultancy services on Impact assessment on Gramaswaraj project	CMSR-India, Hyderabad	100 Gramapanchayats in 10 districts	-	-

Our Acknowledgements to:

1. National Bank for Agriculture and Rural development (NABARD) Bangalore.
2. CMSR- INDIA, Hyderabad
3. Watershed development department.
4. Pipal tree organization
5. All the Donors/contributors to the organization
6. Krishi Vigyan Kendra (KVK), Hirehalli
7. NGOs and technical institutions
8. Canara Bank Tumkur
9. Kaveri Grameena Bank Urdigere, Nagavalli and Beladhara Tumkur takuk, Tumkur-Dist